# 3D DESIGN AND CAD USING AUTODESK FUSION FOR AMATEUR RADIO +.



Presented by:

Jim Dixon – KA6ETE

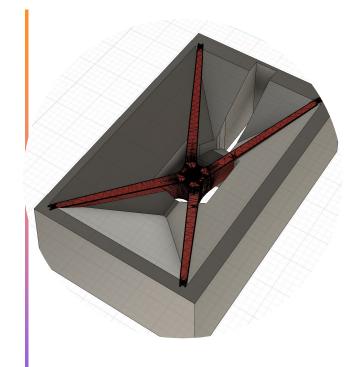
# WHY AUTODESK FUSION 360?



- Fusion 360: A powerful, cloud-based CAD/CAM tool by Autodesk.
- Combines design, engineering, and manufacturing workflows.
- Ideal for prototyping and custom designs.
- Accessible to beginners with intuitive tools and learning resources.



### FEATURES OF AUTODESK FUSION 360



+

### KEY FEATURES FOR BEGINNERS

- •3D Design Tools: Easy-to-use interface for creating and editing models.
- •Parametric Modeling: Make changes easily with history-based edits.
- •Simulation Tools: Test designs virtually for strength and functionality.
- •Cloud Collaboration: Work anywhere, share, and collaborate.
- •CAM Integration: Export designs directly for manufacturing.



#### WHERE TO START

- 1.Download & Install Fusion 360 from the Autodesk website.
- 2.Create an Autodesk Account.
- 3. Familiarize yourself with the **user interface**:
  - 1. Toolbar, Browser, Canvas, Timeline, and Viewcube.
- 4. Start with **basic tutorials**:
  - 1. Navigate to the "Learn" tab for beginner-friendly guides.

#### **Basic Terminology and Setup**

#### 1. User Interface Elements

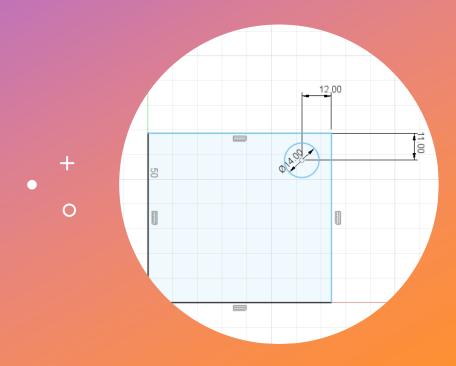
- •Toolbar: The main menu where tools for creating and editing designs are located.
- •Browser: The panel that displays the components, bodies, and features of your design.
- •Canvas: The main workspace where you create and edit your design.
- •ViewCube: A navigational tool for rotating and orienting the view of your 3D model.
- •Timeline: The area at the bottom that shows the history of your actions, allowing you to edit or reorder them.



#### **Basic Terminology and Setup**

#### 2. Sketching Terms

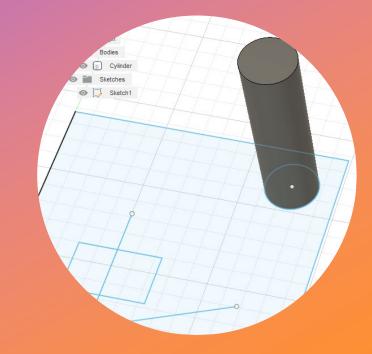
- •Sketch: The 2D drawings that serve as the foundation for 3D features.
- •Constraints: Rules that control the relationships between sketch entities (e.g., horizontal, vertical, tangent).
- •Dimensions: Numeric values that define the size and position of sketch elements.
- •Profiles: Closed 2D shapes in a sketch that can be extruded or revolved to create 3D objects.



#### **Basic Terminology and Setup**

#### 3. 3D Modeling Terms

- Body: A 3D object created from sketches and features. Can be solid or surface.
- •Component: An individual part or assembly in your design. Useful for organizing complex models.
- •Feature: A 3D operation applied to a sketch (e.g., extrude, revolve, loft).
- •Extrude: Extends a sketch profile into 3D space to create a solid or cut.
- •Revolve: Rotates a sketch profile around an axis to create a 3D object.
- •Loft: Creates a smooth transition between two or more profiles.
- •Sweep: Extends a profile along a selected path to create a 3D shape.
- •Fillet: Rounds the edges or corners of a model.
- •Chamfer: Creates a beveled edge at a corner or along an edge.
- •Shell: Removes material from the inside of a body to create a hollow structure.



0

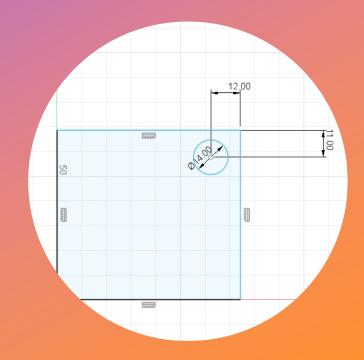
#### **Basic Terminology and Setup**

#### 4. Parametric Modeling

- •Parameters: Numerical values for dimensions that can be modified to adjust the design.
- Parametric Modeling: The process of defining dimensions and constraints to control a model.

#### 5. Assembly Terms

- •Joint: A connection between components that defines their relative motion.
- •As-Built Joint: Defines the motion between components in their current position.
- •Rigid Group: Fixes multiple components together so they act as a single unit.



0

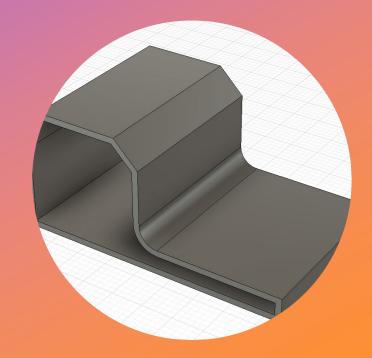
#### **Basic Terminology and Setup**

#### 6. Rendering and Simulation

- •Material: Specifies the physical properties of the object (e.g., steel, plastic).
- •Appearance: Defines how the model looks, such as color, texture, and finish.
- •Simulation: Analyzes the design for stress, thermal, and other factors.

#### 7. Collaboration and File Management

- •Fusion Team: The cloud-based platform for sharing and collaborating on projects.
- •Version Control: Fusion 360 automatically saves and tracks versions of your design.
- •Export: Converts your design into formats like STL, STEP, or DXF for use outside Fusion.



O



# APPLICATIONS IN AMATEUR RADIO

#### Г

# FUSION 360 FOR AMATEUR RADIO PROJECTS

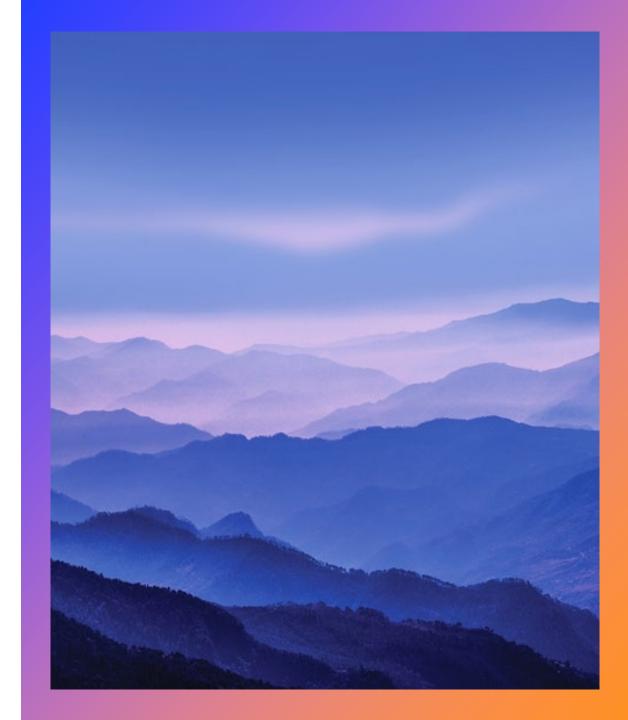


- •Custom Enclosures: Design cases for radios, amplifiers, and power supplies.
- •Antenna Mounts: Create lightweight and durable mounts for antennas.
- •PCB Holders: Design holders and cases for circuit boards.
- •Custom Knobs & Dials: Replace or design unique controls.
- •Cable Management: Create clips, guides, and organizers for wiring.
- •Infinite Possibilities......

# CREATING A SIMPLE PART

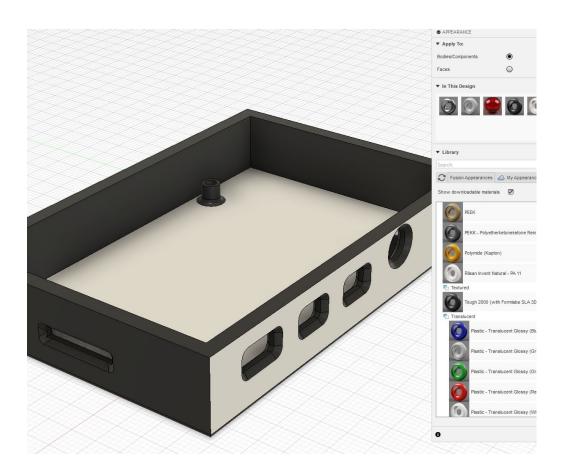
Your First Design in Fusion

- 1. Open Fusion and select **Create Sketch**.
- 2.Choose a plane and use sketch tools (line, rectangle, circle) to draw.
- 3.Use the **Extrude Tool** to convert your sketch into a 3D model.
- 4. Save your design in the cloud or export it as an STL for 3D printing.



#### Γ

# PRACTICAL TIPS FOR RADIO ENTHUSIASTS



- •Use the **parametric modeling** feature for adjustable designs.
- •Leverage the **materials library** to simulate radio enclosure performance.
- •Export STL files for **3D printing** radio components.
- •Test antenna mounts using Fusion's simulation tools.

#### Further Learning and Support

- •Autodesk Learn Platform: Video tutorials and documentation.
- •YouTube Channels: Tutorials by Fusion 360 experts.
- •Community Forums: Share ideas and troubleshoot issues.
- •Amateur Radio Groups: Collaborate with fellow enthusiasts on designs.

- https://www.youtube.com/@adskFusion/videos
- https://www.youtube.com/@TylerBeckofTECHES PRESSO
- https://www.youtube.com/@3DPrinterAcademyT utorials

#### RESOURCES FOR LEARNING





### × • THANK YOU

Jim Dixon – KA6ETE